

CREST-2

The Effect of Treatment on Cognitive Function in Patients with Asymptomatic Carotid Artery Stenosis: The CREST-2 Trial

OBJECTIVE: To evaluate whether adding carotid stenting (CAS) or carotid endarterectomy (CEA) to intensive medical management (IMM), compared to IMM alone, affects cognitive function over time in patients with asymptomatic carotid stenosis

STUDY DESIGN: Multicenter, randomized controlled trial, N=2,165

CONCLUSIONS: Neither the addition of CAS nor CEA demonstrated cognitive benefit compared to IMM alone, including in patients with worse baseline cognition.



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