

2021 Heart Disease & Stroke Statistical Update Fact Sheet American Indian/Alaska Native Race & Cardiovascular Diseases*

Cardiovascular Disease (CVD) (ICD-9 390 to 459, ICD-10 100 to 199.) & Coronary Heart Disease (CHD) (ICD-9 410 to 414, 429.2; ICD-10 120 to 125 (includes MI ICD-10 121 to 122))

• In 2018, CVD caused 4,642 deaths among non-Hispanic (NH) American Indian or Alaska Native people. CHD resulted in 2,058 deaths and myocardial infarction (MI) caused 612 deaths in this group.

Stroke (ICD-9 430 to 438; ICD-10 I60 to I69)

- In 2018, 703 NH American Indian/Alaska Native people, all ages, died from stroke.
- In 2018, the age-adjusted death rate for stroke in NH American Indian or Alaska Native males was 30.2 per 100,000 and 30.2 per 100,000 in females.

High Blood Pressure (HBP) (ICD-9 401 to 404, ICD-10 110 to 115)

• In 2018, 671 NH American Indian/Alaska Native people (all ages) died from HBP.

Smoking

• In 2018, for 18 years of age and older, 22.6% of American Indian/Alaska Native individuals reported cigarette use every day or some days.

Physical Inactivity

• In 2018, 19.1% of American Indian/Alaska Native adults 18 years of age and older met the 2018 Federal Physical Activity (PA) Guidelines for both aerobic and strengthening activity.

Diabetes (ICD-9 250; ICD-10 E10 to E14)

- In 2018, the overall age-adjusted death rate attributable to diabetes was 21.4 per 100,000. In 2018, the rate was 49.4 per 100,000 for NH American Indian/Alaska Native males and 35.6 for NH American Indian/Alaska Native females.
- In 2018, 1,073 NH American Indian/Alaska Native individuals died from diabetes.
- Based on 2017 data from the Indian Health Service, the age-adjusted prevalence of diagnosed diabetes among American Indians/Alaska Native individuals was 14.5% for males and 14.8% for females.

^{*} Due to inconsistencies in reporting, some statistics may be unreliable.

Unless otherwise noted, all statistics in this Fact Sheet pertain to the United States.

For additional information, charts and tables, see Heart Disease & Stroke Statistics – 2021 Update

Additional charts may be downloaded directly from the <u>online publication</u> or <u>www.heart.org/statistics</u>

Many statistics in this Fact Sheet come from unpublished tabulations compiled for this document and can be cited using the document citation listed below. The data sources used for the tabulations are listed in the full document. Additionally, some statistics come from published studies. If you are citing any of the statistics in this factsheet, please review the full Heart Disease and Stroke Statistics document to determine data sources and original citations.

The American Heart Association requests that this document be cited as follows:

Virani SS, Alonso A, Aparicio HJ, Benjamin EJ, Bittencourt MS, Callaway CW, Carson AP, Chamberlain AM, Cheng S, Delling FN, Elkind MSV, Evenson KR, Ferguson JF, Gupta DK, Khan SS, Kissela BM, Knutson KL, Lee CD, Lewis TT, Liu J, Loop MS, Lutsey PL, Ma J, Mackey J, Martin SS, Matchar DB, Mussolino ME, Navaneethan SD, Perak AM, Roth GA, Samad Z, Satou GM, Schroeder EB, Shah SH, Shay CM, Stokes A, VanWagner LB, Wang N-Y, Tsao CW; on behalf of the American Heart Association Council on Epidemiology and Prevention Statistics Committee and Stroke Statistics Subcommittee. Heart disease and stroke statistics—2021 update: a report from the American Heart Association [published online ahead of print January 27, 2021]. *Circulation.* doi: 10.1161/CIR.000000000000950

If you have questions about statistics or any points made in the 2021 Statistical Update, please contact the American Heart Association National Center, Office of Science & Medicine at <u>statistics@heart.org</u>. Please direct all media inquiries to News Media Relations at <u>http://newsroom.heart.org/newsmedia/contacts</u>.

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